UNIT 11

QUIZ B

NAME: _____
DATE: _____
SCORE: _____ /50

A Listen to the conversation between Lucy and Kevin. Circle *True, False,* or *Not Given* for each statement.

1 Lucy bought some clothes at the store Kevin mentioned. True / False / Not Given
2 Lucy doesn't agree with Kevin that the store prices are cheap. True / False / Not Given
3 Lucy is certain that the T-shirt Kevin bought is not genuine. True / False / Not Given
4 Lucy is concerned about how the clothes were made. True / False / Not Given
5 Kevin decides to return the clothes he bought for the summer. True / False / Not Given

_____ / 10 (2 points each)

B Circle the correct answers.

1 This $10 bill doesn't feel or look right. It's probably **deadly** / **counterfeit**.
2 This painting is the **original** / **fake** one – which is why it's so expensive.
3 I think this may be **fireproof** / **fake**, so I don't think you should waste any money on it.
4 This website isn't great. It provides **imperfect** / **authentic** translations, so you need to check them.
5 This document is **legal** / **illegal** because it has the official stamp and is signed.
6 I thought this perfume was **sophisticated** / **second-rate**. I'm not going to buy it again.
7 Wow! Is this **an authentic** / **a second-rate** antique vase? Let me see if there is a date on the bottom of it.

_____ / 7 (1 point each)

C Choose the correct answers.

1 Julieta is a great student – and I'm not _____ just because she is my niece.
A biased **B** inaccurate **C** controversial

2 The ad said the apartment was cozy. That was _____ information. What they really meant was "small."
A misleading **B** hoax **C** suspicious

3 In my opinion, the most _____ weather forecast is this one. It's the one I always use.
A misleading **B** accurate **C** biased

4 Many rumors about his life were proved to be _____. They were invented by the media.
A biased **B** trustworthy **C** false

5 I received an email saying I had won lots of money. It was clearly a _____.
A hoax **B** white lie **C** rumor

6 The details in this report are _____ and incomplete. Please do it again.
A accurate **B** trustworthy **C** inaccurate

7 There has been a deliberate effort to spread _____ about the accident.
A urban legends **B** hoaxes **C** misinformation

8 I think she was a little _____ in her resume, because it says she worked in a hospital, but she never did.
A false **B** dishonest **C** biased

_____ / 8 (1 point each)

D Rewrite the sentences in the passive form. State the agent if appropriate.

EXAMPLE They announced a new scientific discovery at the conference.
A new scientific discovery was announced at the conference.

1 Someone has changed some of the figures in my report.

2 We aren't going to repair your house this summer.

3 The hotel staff leaves chocolates on the pillows.

4 We were preparing the report during the meeting.

5 A computer will choose the names of the winners.

6 The selection committee is still reviewing the novels.

7 Our son drew these stunning pictures in art school.

_____ / 7 (1 point each)

E Complete the sentences with the passive form of the verbs in parentheses ( ).

EXAMPLE I'm not sure the facts in this article can **be confirmed** online. (confirm)

1 You might _____ entry to the event tonight if you wear those old sneakers. (refuse)
2 Could this information _____ in the report we are writing? (include)
3 This cleaning product must _____ on the furniture. (not / use)
4 False stories need _____ before they are widely shared. (report)
5 Isn't this apartment supposed _____ every day? It looks so dirty. (clean)
6 Karen hopes _____ a prize for her work. (give)
7 Some people just refuse _____ what to do by their managers. (tell)
8 They didn't say anything because they didn't want _____ in an awkward situation. (put)

_____ / 8 (1 point each)

F Read the article. Then choose the correct answer for each question.

Urban Legends

What are urban legends? They are unproven, hard-to-believe stories, that are generally told as if they are true. In this way, urban legends are similar to superstitions and folklore. A major difference, however, is that urban legends tend to be specific to a nation or a specific generation – the urban legends known to a 20-year-old in Brazil would likely be very different from the urban legends known to a 40-year-old in Japan.

So, how do urban legends start? Urban legends often start with some element of truth, but as the story is told and retold, the details get more and more exaggerated. Also, as the story is told again and again, it becomes a part of a country or community's culture.

One surprising thing about urban legends is how enduring they are. In the modern internet age, most urban legends should be easily disproven. For example, it should be easy to find reliable information online that contradicts the widely spread urban legend that a cup of soda will completely dissolve a tooth that is submerged in it. However, if anything, the internet seems to be making it easier for urban legends to spread.

In previous eras, urban legends were rarely spread through media because traditional publishers, such as newspapers and magazines, were concerned with the accuracy of the information they published. In the digital age, however, anyone can publish misinformation to a wide audience, and many platforms are not concerned with checking facts. Another reason that misinformation spreads so quickly is less technological - it is simply because people love to tell a good story, even if it's too good to be true.

1 How does the writer say urban legends differ from superstitions and folklore?

A Urban legends are about modern topics.

B Urban legends spread to other countries.

C Urban legends are more specific to a group of people.

2 What does the writer say about urban legends?

A They only spread through the internet.

B They are most popular with younger generations.

C They often start out as partly true.

3 What surprises the writer about urban legends?

A They are so difficult to believe.

B They are retold even though they are easy to disprove.

C They vary from culture to culture.

4 What does the writer suggest about traditional publishers?

A They have been generally reliable sources of information.

B They spread information slowly.

C They never publish urban legends.

5 What is one of the reasons why urban legends persist according to the writer?

A Everyone likes spreading misinformation.

B Everyone likes telling narratives.

C Hardly any websites check facts any more.

_____ / 10 (2 points each)